

WESTWATER RESOURCES, INC.

Code of Business Conduct and Ethics (Revised February 26, 2021)

1. Purpose

This Code of Business Conduct and Ethics (the “**Code**”) for Westwater Resources, Inc. (the “**Company**”) addresses the Company’s commitment to the honesty, integrity and ethical behavior of the Company’s employees, officers and directors. These qualities are essential to the Company’s reputation and success. This Code governs the actions and working relationships of the Company’s employees, officers and directors with current and potential customers, consumers, fellow employees, competitors, government and self-regulatory agencies, investors, the public, the media, and anyone else with whom the Company has or may have contact. Each member of management of the Company has the added responsibility of setting an example by his or her personal performance, which should convey the Company’s commitment to the highest ethical values. If you are ever unsure of the appropriate action, you are encouraged to take advantage of the Company’s open door and informal environment and raise your concerns with appropriate management personnel.

This Code is intended to be read in connection with the Company’s Securities Trading Policy, Privacy Policy, Disclosure Controls and Procedures Manual and Anti-Corruption Policies, and any such other policies as the Company may adopt from time to time. It is your responsibility to maintain familiarity with, and abide by, all Company policies as all times.

2. Introduction

The Company and each of its employees, officers and directors must conduct their Company business affairs with the highest standards of honesty and integrity. Employees, officers and directors must also respect the rights of their fellow employees, officers, directors and third parties. Your actions must be free from discrimination, libel, slander or harassment. Misconduct cannot be excused because it was directed or requested by another. In this regard, you are expected to alert the Company in the manner set forth herein whenever an illegal, dishonest or unethical act is discovered or suspected. You will not be penalized for reporting your discoveries or suspicions provided you have acted in good faith. Persons who violate this Code will be subject to disciplinary action, up to and including termination. Periodically, you will be required to review this Code and acknowledge in writing your understanding of and compliance with this Code.

3. Core Principles

- (a) Employees, officers and directors shall act with honesty and integrity and shall avoid actual or apparent conflicts of interest between personal and professional relationships and shall disclose to the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors (the “**Audit Committee**”) any material transaction or relationship that reasonably could be expected to give rise to such conflict.
- (b) Employees, officers and directors shall endeavor to provide information that is full, fair, accurate, timely, and understandable in all reports and documents that the Company files with, or submits to, the Securities and Exchange Commission as well as other public filings or communications made by the Company.
- (c) Employees, officers and directors shall endeavor to faithfully comply with all laws, rules and regulations of federal, state, and local governments and applicable private or public regulatory agencies.
- (d) Employees, officers and directors shall act in good faith, responsibly, with due care, competence, and diligence and shall not knowingly or recklessly misrepresent material facts or allow their independent judgments to be subordinated.
- (e) Employees, officers and directors shall not use confidential information acquired in the course of their work for personal advantage and shall not buy or sell the Company’s securities in violation of the securities laws or the Company’s insider trading and stock preclearance policies.
- (f) Employees, officers and directors shall act responsibly in their use of and control over the Company’s assets and resources.

4. Conflicts of Interest

A “conflict of interest” occurs when your private interest interferes – or appears to interfere – in any way with the interests of the Company. You must avoid all situations that might lead to a real or apparent conflict between your self-interest and your duties and responsibilities as an employee, officer or director of the Company. Any position or interest, financial or otherwise, which could materially conflict with your performance as an employee, officer or director of the Company, or which affects or could reasonably be expected to affect your independence or judgment concerning transactions between the Company, its customers, suppliers or competitors or otherwise reflects negatively on the Company would be considered a conflict of interest. In addition, you may not exploit your position or relationship with the Company for personal gain. For example, there is a likely conflict of interest if you (i) cause the Company to engage in business

transactions with relatives or friends; (ii) use nonpublic, client or vendor information for personal gain by you, relatives or friends (including securities transactions based on such information); or (iii) compete, or prepare to compete, with the Company while still employed by the Company.

Conflicts of interest can also occur indirectly. For example, a conflict of interest may arise when an employee, officer or director is also an executive officer, a major shareholder or has a material interest in a company or organization doing business with the Company.

Every employee, officer and director has an obligation to conduct the Company's business in an honest and ethical manner, including the ethical handling of actual or apparent conflicts of interest between personal and professional relationships. Any situation that involves, or may reasonably be expected to involve, a conflict of interest with the Company should be disclosed promptly to the Company's General Counsel and Chief Financial Officer.

5. Confidentiality

Nonpublic information regarding the Company or its businesses, employees, customers and suppliers is confidential. As a Company employee, officer or director you are trusted with confidential information. You are only to use such confidential information for the business purpose intended. You may not share (or "tip") confidential information with anyone outside the Company (except for the Company's professional advisors), including family and friends, or with other employees who do not need the information to carry out their duties, and including by electronic means (e.g., Twitter, Facebook). You remain under an obligation to keep all information confidential even if your employment ends.

In addition to this Code of Business Conduct and Ethics, the Company maintains a Privacy Policy – you are responsible for being familiar with, and abiding by, the Company's Privacy Policy at all times.

6. Disclosures

The information in the Company's public communications, including all reports and documents filed with or submitted to the SEC, must be full, fair, accurate, timely and understandable.

All employees, officers and directors (to the extent they are involved in the Company's disclosure process) are required to maintain familiarity with the disclosure requirements, processes and procedures applicable to the Company commensurate with their duties. Such individuals are prohibited from knowingly misrepresenting, omitting or causing others to misrepresent or omit material facts about the Company to others, including the Company's independent auditors, governmental regulators and self-regulatory organizations.

In addition to this Code of Business Conduct and Ethics, the Company maintains a Disclosure Controls and Procedure Manual – you are responsible for being familiar with, and abiding by, the Company’s Disclosure Controls and Procedure Manual at all times.

7. Prohibition against Insider Trading

In general, employees, officers and directors who have access to, or knowledge of, material nonpublic information from or about the Company are prohibited from buying, selling or otherwise trading in the Company’s stock or other securities. "Material nonpublic" information includes any information, positive or negative, that has not yet been made available or disclosed to the public and that might be of significance to an investor, as part of the total mix of information, in deciding whether to buy or sell stock or other securities.

Such insiders also are prohibited from giving "tips" on material nonpublic information, that is directly or indirectly disclosing such information to any other person, including family members, other relatives and friends, so that they may trade in the Company's stock or other securities. Furthermore, if, during the course of your service with the Company, you acquire material nonpublic information about another company, such as one of our customers or suppliers, or you learn that the Company is planning a major transaction with another company (such as an acquisition), you are restricted from trading in the securities of the other company.

Such "insider trading" is both unethical and illegal, with criminal penalties of up to \$5 million and a jail term of up to 20 years and civil penalties of up to three times the illegal profit gained or loss avoided.

In addition to this Code of Business Conduct and Ethics, the Company has a Securities Trading Policy, covering the above restrictions in greater detail – you are responsible for being familiar with, and abiding by, the Company’s Securities Trading Policy at all times.

8. Corporate Opportunities

Using confidential information about the Company or its businesses, employees, officers, directors, customers, consumers or suppliers for personal benefit or disclosing such information to others outside your normal duties is prohibited. All non-public information about the Company should be considered confidential. Employees, officers and directors are prohibited from:

- Personally benefiting from opportunities that are discovered through the use of the Company property, contacts, information or position.

- Accepting employment or engaging in a business (including consulting or similar arrangements) while employed by the Company that may conflict with the performance of your duties or the Company's interest.
- Soliciting, demanding, accepting or agreeing to accept anything of value from any person in conjunction with the performance of your employment or duties at the Company.
- Acting on behalf of the Company in any transaction in which you or your immediate family has a significant direct or indirect financial interest.

There are certain limited situations in which you may accept a personal benefit from someone with whom you transact business, such as:

- Accepting a gift in recognition of a commonly recognized event or occasion (such as a promotion, new job, wedding, retirement or holiday). An award in recognition of service and accomplishment may also be accepted without violating these guidelines so long as the gift does not exceed \$250 from any one individual in any calendar year.
- Accepting something of value if the benefit is available to the general public under the same conditions on which it is available to you.
- Accepting meals, refreshments, travel arrangements and accommodations and entertainment of reasonable value in the course of a meeting or other occasion to conduct business or foster business relations if the expense would be reimbursed by the Company as a business expense if the other party did not pay for it.

9. Fair Dealing

No employee, officer and director may take unfair advantage of anyone, including the Company's customers, suppliers, competitors and employees. Additionally, no one may take advantage of another through manipulation, concealment, abuse of privileged information, misrepresentation of material facts, or any other unfair-dealing practices.

Employees must disclose prior to or at their time of hire the existence of any employment agreement, non-compete or non-solicitation agreement, confidentiality agreement or similar agreement with a former employer that in any way restricts or prohibits the performance of any duties or responsibilities of their positions with the Company. Copies of such agreements should be provided to the Company to permit evaluation of the agreement in light of the employee's position. In no event shall an employee use any trade secrets, proprietary information or other

similar property acquired in the course of his or her employment with another employer in the performance of his or her duties for or on behalf of the Company.

The Company's policy is to select, place and work with all our employees and officers without discrimination based on race, color, national origin, gender, age, religion, disability, veteran's status, or actual or perceived sexual orientation. Equal opportunity is one of the Company's firmest and most basic beliefs.

Further, it is the responsibility of each of us to help the Company provide a work atmosphere free of harassing, abusive, disrespectful, disorderly, disruptive or other nonprofessional conduct. Sexual harassment in any form, verbal or physical, by any employee, officer or director will not be tolerated. A violation of this policy will be treated with appropriate discipline, up to and including termination.

10. Company Property

Employees, officers and directors must protect the Company's property and assets and ensure their efficient and proper use. Therefore, each employee, officer and director must safeguard the Company's property and assets from loss or theft and may not take such property for personal use. The Company's property includes confidential information, software, computers, office equipment, and supplies. You must appropriately secure all of the Company's property within your control to prevent its unauthorized use or theft. Using the Company's computers or communications systems to access or distribute personal "non-business related" information, data or graphics is strictly prohibited.

11. Covering Up Mistakes; Falsifying Records

Mistakes should never be covered up; they should be immediately and fully disclosed to appropriate members of management. Falsification of any Company, client or third party record is prohibited.

12. Use of Company and Third Party Software

The Company's and third party software may be distributed and disclosed only to employees authorized to use it and to clients in accordance with terms of a license agreement. Company and third party software may not be copied without specific authorization and may only be used to perform assigned responsibilities. All third party software must be properly licensed. The license agreements for such third party software may place various restrictions on the disclosure, use and copying of software.

13. Fair Competition

The Company must comply with all applicable fair competition and antitrust laws. These laws attempt to ensure that businesses compete fairly and honestly and prohibit conduct seeking to reduce or restrain competition.

14. Reporting Violations and No Retaliation Policy

Employees, officers and directors are required to report or cause to be reported, on a named or anonymous basis, any of the following (“**Prohibited Conduct**”):

- violation of any law;
- fraudulent or criminal conduct or activities;
- questionable accounting, internal accounting controls or auditing matters;
- misappropriation of Company funds;
- violations of provisions of the Company’s Code of Business Conduct and Ethics, FCPA Policy, Privacy Policy, Securities Trading Policy, or other Company policies; or
- retaliation against employees who, in good faith, report complaints or concerns.

Prohibited Conduct may be reported to the applicable supervisor or the General Counsel of the Company, or via the anonymous hotline (see information below).

Any employee, officer or director who has any questions related to an interpretation of any part of this Code is encouraged to contact the Company’s General Counsel. There is no right to privacy through the use of the Company’s telephone, e-mail, Internet and computers. To the extent possible, all complaints will be handled in a confidential manner. Every effort will be made to protect the employee’s identity and in no event should information concerning the complaint be released to persons without specific need to know about it.

The procedure for anonymous reporting of Prohibited Conduct to the applicable supervisor, personnel manager or the General Counsel of the Company is for information to be sent by any of the following means: (i) using non-Company telephones, by immediately faxing a letter to the applicable individual at his or her office number, (ii) using non-Company telephones, by calling the applicable individual at his or her office number, (iii) using non-Company computers, by e-mailing the applicable individual at his or her work e-mail address, or (iv) using non-Company mail facilities, by sending a letter to the applicable individual at his or her work address.

Any employee, officer or director who wishes to report questionable accounting, internal accounting controls or auditing matters, or any suspected violations of laws, rules, regulations or this Code or any other suspected unethical behavior by any director or officer of the Company,

must make a complaint to the Chairman of the Audit Committee. The procedure for anonymous reporting of complaints to the Audit Committee is for the complaint to be sent to Fulcrum Financial Inquiry, LLP (“**Fulcrum**”), an independent accounting firm, by using non-Company telephones, fax machines or computers. Fulcrum may be contacted:

- By phone at (213) 443-1028 (You can reverse the call charges if desired, using the Company name to remain anonymous)
- By email at whistle@fulcruminquiry.com
- By a web-based form via internet at www.fulcruminquiry.com/uri
- By fax at (213) 891-1300
- By mail addressed to: Fulcrum Financial Inquiry LLP 888 S. Figueroa Street, Suite 2000 Los Angeles, CA 90017

Fulcrum will review and record all complaints received and, if appropriate, forward the complaint to the Audit Committee for review. In its review the Audit Committee shall include internal audit personnel, outside legal counsel or such other person as the Audit Committee determines to be appropriate. The Audit Committee will report to the Board of Directors with respect to a complaint for which an investigation has been completed and, if applicable, recommend corrective action. The Company will retain records of complaints and all related material for three (3) years from the date of the complaint. All reasonable and appropriate expenses incurred by any employee, officer or director in making a report to the Audit Committee in accordance with this Code will be reimbursed at any time upon request.

The Company encourages its employees, officers and directors to talk to supervisors, managers or other appropriate personnel to report and discuss any known Prohibited Conduct or suspected criminal or unethical business activity involving the Company or its employees. Reporting the activity will not subject the employee to discipline absent a knowingly false report and the Company may not subject any person to adverse employment action who makes a good faith report pursuant to this Code.

Neither the Company nor any director, officer or employee of the Company will discharge, demote, suspend, threaten, harass or in any other manner discriminate or retaliate, directly or indirectly, against any employee who, in good faith, reports Prohibited Conduct or otherwise assists the Audit Committee, management or any other person or group, including any governmental, regulatory or law enforcement body, in investigating Prohibited Conduct. Harassment or victimization of, or other means of retaliation against, a whistleblowing employee

are serious violations of law and will not be tolerated. Depending upon the nature of the retaliation, those who violate this policy will be subject to disciplinary action up to and including termination. If you have a good faith belief that you have been subject to retaliation because you reported Prohibited Conduct under this policy or engaged in any lawful act that is protected or allowed under applicable whistleblower laws, or if you have witnessed retaliation against another in violation of this policy, you should report the retaliation using the procedures outlined in this policy for reporting Prohibited Conduct.

15. Waivers

There shall be no waiver of any part of the Code except by a vote of the Board of Directors or a designated committee of the board of directors which will ascertain whether a waiver is appropriate and ensure that the waiver is accompanied by appropriate controls designed to protect the Company. In the event that any waiver is granted, the waiver shall be promptly disclosed as required by applicable law or regulation or by the New York Stock Exchange.

16. Defend Trade Secrets Act

Employees, officers and directors are hereby notified that, under the Defend Trade Secrets Act, they are entitled to immunity from criminal or civil liability under Federal and State trade secret laws for disclosures made under certain limited circumstances, as follows:

An individual shall not be held criminally or civilly liable under any Federal or State trade secret law for the disclosure of a trade secret that is made in confidence to a Federal, State or local government official or to an attorney solely for the purpose of reporting or investigating a suspected violation of law. An individual shall not be held criminally or civilly liable under any Federal or State trade secret law for the disclosure of a trade secret that is made in a complaint or other document filed in a lawsuit or other proceeding, if such filing is made under seal. An individual who files a lawsuit for retaliation by an employer for reporting a suspected violation of law may disclose the trade secret to the attorney of the individual and use the trade secret information in the court proceeding, if the individual files any document containing the trade secret under seal; and does not disclose the trade secret, except pursuant to court order.

17. Conclusion

Each of the Company's employees, officers and directors is the guardian of the Company's ethics and reputation. Employees, officers and directors are encouraged to talk to supervisors, managers or other appropriate personnel when in doubt about the best and ethical course of action in a particular situation. While there are no universal rules, when in doubt ask yourself the following questions:

- Will my actions be ethical in every respect and fully comply with the law and with the Company's policies?
- Will my actions have the appearance of impropriety?
- Will my actions be questioned by my supervisors, associates, clients, family or the general public?
- Am I trying to fool anyone, including myself, as to the propriety of my actions?

If you are uncomfortable with your answer to any of the above, you should not take the contemplated actions without first discussing them with appropriate management.

CODE OF BUSINESS CONDUCT AND ETHICS ACCEPTANCE FORM

This Code of Business Conduct and Ethics an important document that addresses the Company’s commitment to the honesty, integrity and ethical behavior of the Company’s employees, officers and directors.

Please read the following statements and sign below to indicate your receipt and acknowledgment of the Code of Business Conduct and Ethics.

- I have received and read a copy of the Company’s Code of Business Conduct and Ethics. I understand that the policies, procedures and benefits described in it are subject to change at the sole discretion of the Company from time to time.
- I understand that, should the content of the Company’s Code of Business Conduct and Ethics be changed in any way, the Company may require an additional signature from me to indicate that I am aware of and understand any new or amended revisions to the Code.
- I understand that my signature below indicates that I have read and understand the above statements.

Date

Signature

Typed or Printed Name